

Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants takes disciplinary action against a certified public accountant

(HONG KONG, 29 June 2022) On 23 May 2022, a Disciplinary Committee of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants reprimanded Miss Wong Man Shan, Joyce, certified public accountant (A42502), and ordered that no practising certificate be issued to her for 12 months from 4 July 2022. In addition, the Committee ordered Wong to pay a penalty of HK\$100,000 and costs of the disciplinary proceedings of HK\$56,786.

Wong is a non-practising director of Tandem (HK) CPA Limited ("Practice"). The Practice was selected for its first practice review in 2019. The reviewer found that Wong issued an accountant's report on a solicitor's firm under the Accountant's Report Rules (Cap 159A) for the year ended 31 March 2018, although only limited compliance work had been done. Significant deficiencies were identified in 12 of the 15 required tests set out in the engagement programme.

After considering the information available, the Institute lodged complaints against Wong under sections 34(1)(a)(vi) and 34(1)(a)(viii) of the Professional Accountants Ordinance.

After admitting the complaints against her, the Disciplinary Committee found that Wong was in breach of the fundamental principle of integrity under sections 100.5(a), 110.1 and 110.2 of the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants. The Committee further found that the multiple deficiencies in the test work and reckless issuance of the accountant's report demonstrated blatant disregard of the requirements of the statutory compliance reporting engagement, thereby amounting to professional misconduct.

Having taken into account the circumstances of the case, the Disciplinary Committee made the above order against Wong under section 35(1) of the Ordinance.

About HKICPA Disciplinary Process

The Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") enforces the highest professional and ethical standards in the accounting profession. Governed by the Professional Accountants Ordinance (Cap. 50) and the Disciplinary Committee Proceedings Rules, an independent Disciplinary Committee is convened to deal with a complaint referred by Council. If the charges against a member, member practice or registered student are proven, the Committee will make disciplinary orders setting out the sanctions it considers appropriate. Subject to any appeal by the respondent, the order and findings of the Disciplinary Committee will be published.

For more information, please see:

http://www.hkicpa.org.hk/en/standards-and-regulations/compliance/disciplinary/

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About HKICPA

The Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") is the statutory body established by the Professional Accountants Ordinance responsible for the professional training, development and regulation of certified public accountants in Hong Kong. The Institute has over 46,000 members and 13,000 registered students.

Our qualification programme assures the quality of entry into the profession, and we promulgate financial reporting, auditing and ethical standards that safeguard Hong Kong's leadership as an international financial centre.

The CPA designation is a top qualification recognised globally. The Institute is a member of and actively contributes to the work of the Global Accounting Alliance and International Federation of Accountants.

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香港會計師公會對一名會計師作出紀律處分

(香港·二零二二年六月二十九日)香港會計師公會轄下一紀律委員會·於二零二二年五月二十三日對會計師王敏珊小姐(會員編號:A42502)作出譴責·並命令於二零二二年七月四日起 12 個月內不向王小姐另發執業證書。此外·王小姐須繳付罰款 100,000 港元及紀律程序費用 56,786 港元。

王小姐是灝天(香港)會計師事務所有限公司的非執業董事。該執業法團於二零一九年進行初次執業審核。審核人員發現王小姐根據《會計師報告規則》(第 159A 章)為一間律師事務所發出截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度會計師報告,但其僅完成少量合規工作。在 15 項的測試項目中,當中 12 項發現重大缺失。

公會經考慮所得資料後,根據《專業會計師條例》第 34(1)(a)(vi)條及 34(1)(a)(viii)條對王小姐作出投訴。

王小姐承認投訴屬實後,紀律委員會裁定王小姐違反了 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (「Code of Ethics」)內第 100.5(a)、110.1 及第 110.2 條有關「Integrity」的基本原則。此外,紀律委員會認為王小姐在合規測試項目中犯有多項缺失及公然無視法定合規報告要求,罔顧後果地發出會計師報告,故裁定王小姐犯有專業上的失當行為。

經考慮有關情況後,紀律委員會根據《專業會計師條例》第 35(1)條向王小姐作出上述命令。

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香港會計師公會的紀律處分程序

香港會計師公會致力維持會計界的最高專業和道德標準。公會根據香港法例第 50 章《專

業會計師條例》及紀律委員會訴訟程序規則,成立獨立的紀律委員會,處理理事會轉介的

投訴個案。委員會一旦證明對公會會員、執業會計師事務所會員或註冊學生的檢控屬實,

將會作出適當懲處。若答辯人未有提出上訴,紀律委員會的裁判將會向外公佈。

詳情請參閱:

http://www.hkicpa.org.hk/en/standards-and-regulations/compliance/disciplinary/

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關於香港會計師公會

香港會計師公會是根據《專業會計師條例》成立的法定機構,負責培訓、發展和監管本港

的會計專業。公會會員逾46,000名,學生人數逾13,000。

公會開辦專業資格課程,確保會計師的入職質素,同時頒佈財務報告、審計及專業操守的

準則,以鞏固香港作為國際金融中心的領導地位。

CPA 會計師是一個獲國際認可的頂尖專業資格。公會是全球會計聯盟及國際會計師聯合會

的成員之一,積極推動國際專業發展。

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Proceedings No: D-20-1626P

IN THE MATTER OF

A Complaint made under section 34(1) of the Professional Accountants Ordinance (Cap. 50)

BETWEEN

The Practice Review Committee of the Hong Kong
Institute of Certified Public Accountants

COMPLAINANT

AND

Wong Man Shan, Joyce (A42502)

RESPONDENT

Before a Disciplinary Committee of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Members:

Mr. Chan, Raymond (Chairman)

Mr. Siu Choi Fat

Ms. Lo Fung Yee, Daphne

Mr. Ma Chung Fung, Horace

Mr. Miu Liong, Nelson

ORDER AND REASONS FOR DECISION

- 1. This is a complaint made by the Practice Review Committee ("PRC") of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "Institute") against Wong Man Shan, Joyce, a certified public accountant (the "Respondent").
- 2. By a letter dated 3 November 2021 to the Registrar of the Institute ("the Complaint"), the Practice Review Committee ("the Complainant") complained that the Respondent failed or neglected to observe, maintain or otherwise apply professional standards under section 34(1)(a)(vi) of the Professional Accountants Ordinance ("PAO"), and she was guilty of professional misconduct as a result of the

multiple deficiencies and reckless issuance of the accountant's report to the Council of The Law Society of Hong Kong ("AR") under section 34(1)(a)(viii) of the PAO.

BACKGROUND

- 3. The Respondent is currently a non-practising director of Tandem (HK) CPA Limited ("Practice").
- 4. The Practice was selected for the first time practice review which commenced in March 2019 and concluded in December 2019.
- 5. Client C is a firm of partnership established in Hong Kong and provides legal professional services. On 26 September 2018, the Respondent issued an AR for Client C for the year ended 31 March 2018 in accordance with the Accountant's Report Rules ("ARR") (Cap. 159A). Under the ARR, the Respondent was required to ascertain whether Client C handled its clients' money in compliance with the Solicitors' Accounts Rules (Cap. 159F) ("SAR") ("statutory compliance reporting engagement").
- 6. The statutory compliance reporting engagement was selected for review by the practice review team ("Reviewer"). During the practice review, the Reviewer identified significant findings which led to concerns over the Respondent's integrity and professional conduct, demonstrated by the significant deficiencies in the test procedures performed to support the unqualified opinion in the AR.
- 7. Having considered the Reviewer's findings and the available information, the Practice Review Committee of the Institute considered that the findings of practice review revealed serious issues about the integrity and professional conduct of the Respondent and decided to raise a complaint against the Respondent.

THE COMPLAINTS

Complaint 1

8. Section 34(1)(a)(vi) of the PAO applies to the Respondent in that she failed or neglected to observe, maintain or otherwise apply the fundamental principle of integrity under the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("Code") in relation to the accountant's report issued on Client C for the year ended 31 March 2018.

Complaint 2

9. Section 34(1)(a)(viii) of the PAO applies to the Respondent in that she has been guilty of professional misconduct as a result of the multiple deficiencies and reckless issuance of the AR identified in Complaint 1.

FACTS AND CIRCUMSTANCES IN SUPPORT OF COMPLAINT 1

10. This issue is addressed in section 3.1.1 of the Reviewer's Report.

The accountant's statement contained in the AR stated:

"In compliance with section 8 of the Legal Practitioners Ordinance and the Accountant's Report Rules, I have examined the books, accounts and documents of the firm produced to me and I certify that from my examination and from the explanations and information given to me:

- (1) I am satisfied that during the accounting period the firm has complied with the provision of the Solicitors' Accounts Rules.
- (2) I am not aware of any matter which appears to affect adversely any client account or any trust money held by the firm to a material extent."
- 11. The Institute's Practice Note 840 provides guidance to accountants on the compliance reporting of solicitors' accounts under SAR and ARR. Practice Note 840 also provides two checklists in Appendix 1 (Key Questions) and Appendix 2 (Engagement Program) for the accountant to follow. The Practice adopted both the Key Questions and Engagement Program for the statutory compliance reporting engagement.
- 12. The Reviewer found that of the 15 required tests set out in the Engagement Program, there were significant deficiencies in respect of 12 required tests.

Four required tests had not yet been completed at the date of the AR

- 13. There is no evidence that the following required tests were duly completed before the AR was issued on 26 September 2018.
 - (a) Test 10 requires obtaining bank certificates (i.e. bank confirmations) for client accounts. However, all the bank confirmations were sent out on 28 September 2018 and the replies were received by the Practice in October 2018.
 - (b) Test 11 requires checking of bank reconciliations during the year. The relevant working papers that documented this test procedure were dated 10 October 2018.
 - (c) Test 13 requires circularizing client ledger accounts on a test basis in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Auditing 505 External Confirmation. All the confirmations for the selected client ledger accounts were sent out on 9 October 2018. There is no evidence in the working papers on any alternative procedures had been performed on those selected client ledger accounts.
 - (d) Test 15 requires obtaining written confirmation from the managing/designated partner of the solicitor client that the computerized accounting system complies

with Rule 10(5A) of SAR. The confirmation received from Client C was dated 9 October 2018.

- 14. The Practice explained in its letter dated 23 January 2020 the circumstances leading to sending out external confirmations after the date of the AR. There is no evidence in support of the alleged circumstances. Instead, such explanations confirm that Test 10, Test 13 and Test 15 were not duly completed at the date of the AR.
- 15. In the same letter, the Practice claimed that the working papers recording the test procedures on Test 11 were uploaded to the server in mid-September 2018 for the Respondent's review but the hard copies of the working papers were later misdated by the engagement team when wrapping up of hard copy file in October 2018. The Practice has not provided any evidence to support its assertion.

No test procedures had been performed for five required tests

- 16. The Engagement Program requires the engagement team to perform the following specific tests.
 - (a) Test check record of cash received and/or cashbook with bank stamped payingin slips (Test 1a)
 - (b) Test check that receipts of client's money are correctly posted to personal accounts in client ledger and to nominal accounts (Test 2)
 - (c) Test vouch payments in cash book to bank statements (Test 3)
 - (d) Test check that payments of client's money are correctly posted to personal accounts in client ledger and to nominal accounts (Test 5)
 - (e) Ensure that monthly reconciliation statement on balances of client accounts are prepared (Test 6)
- 17. The engagement team documented in the Engagement Program that the above tests were recorded in working papers K1- K27. However, there was no evidence on file that test procedures had been performed to address those tests.
- 18. The Practice stated in its letter dated 23 January 2020 that the engagement team had observed Client C's operations and performed walk through tests to address the above tests. However, such assertions were not supported by any documentary evidence, and there was no evidence in the working paper file explaining how the asserted walk through tests could address the objective of the above tests.
- 19. The Practice's assertion is not believable. In the context of the AR, the relevant work could only mean the detailed procedures set out in the Key Questions and Engagement Program. Had the work mentioned in the preceding paragraph been

carried out, one would have expected to see a proper documentation of the work for the Respondent's review before her issue of the AR on 26 September 2018.

Deficiencies in three required tests

- 20. Test 4 requires checking of cheque payments from client account to ensure that they have been made with restricted purposes, for example, with clients' instructions, for complying with the requirements of SAR. Rule 7 of SAR requires that withdrawals from client account should be made with restricted purposes and Rule 7A sets out the authority required for drawing money from client account. The "Bank Payment and Receipt Test" documented that the engagement team had checked the selected transactions "with supporting documents and approval". However, there is no evidence on file that the cheque payments were checked to ensure compliance with Rules 7 and 7A of SAR, in particular, the payments were (i) made with restricted purposes; and (ii) approved by persons of Client C with proper authority.
- 21. Certain tests in the Engagement Program require test procedures to be performed on not less than two dates. For Test 9, the engagement team only performed test procedure of scrutinizing client ledger accounts on the client ledger balance as at 31 March 2018. For Test 11, the test procedures on the bank reconciliations of the client bank accounts maintained with two banks for 31 December 2017 were incomplete. The Practice admitted that they had not performed sufficient compliance work.
- 22. The abovementioned multiple deficiencies revealed that the Respondent, being the engagement director of the statutory compliance reporting engagement, had not carried out a proper file review to ensure sufficient and appropriate evidence had been obtained and documented to support the unqualified opinion in the AR.
- 23. The fundamental principle of integrity under sections 100.5(a), 110.1 and 110.2 of the Code requires a professional accountant to be straightforward and honest, and not knowingly be associated with information which contains false or misleading statements; or information furnished recklessly.
- 24. The accountant's statement in the AR for the purpose of the statutory compliance reporting engagement, which was excerpted in paragraph 10 above, means or would reasonably represent to the Council of The Law Society of Hong Kong that all of the necessary procedures had been carried out by the Respondent to support her opinion in the AR and therefore Client C had complied with the SAR. However, out of the 15 required tests in the Engagement Program, 12 of them were not properly completed or performed before the issuance of the AR on 26 September 2018. In the premises, the accountant's statement is false or misleading and the Respondent had knowingly submitted false or misleading statement, or furnished the statement recklessly.

25. Therefore, the Respondent failed to comply with the fundamental principle of integrity under the Code, which is a professional standard referred to in the PAO. As such, section 34(1)(a)(vi) applies to the Respondent.

FACTS AND CIRCUMSTANCES IN SUPPORT OF COMPLAINT 2

- 26. The Respondent recklessly issued the AR when only little compliance work had been done. The multiple deficiencies identified in the test procedures performed in support of the AR demonstrate a blatant disregard by the Respondent to the requirements of the statutory compliance reporting engagement.
- 27. The above findings point to behavior that falls clearly below the standard expected of a certified public accountant, and amounts to professional misconduct. Therefore, section 34(1)(a)(viii) of the PAO applies to the Respondent.

THE PROCEEDINGS

- 28. On 2 December 2021, the Respondent confirmed her admission of the complaints and she did not dispute the facts as set out in the Complaint. The parties jointly proposed that the steps set out in paragraphs 17 to 30 of the Disciplinary Committee Proceedings Rules ("the Rules") be dispensed with.
- 29. In view of the Respondent's admission, the Disciplinary Committee acceded to the parties' joint application to dispense with the steps set out in paragraphs 17 to 30 of the Rules and directed the parties to make written submissions and costs.
- 30. On 24 February 2022 and 25 February 2022, the Respondent and the Complainant made their submissions on sanctions and costs respectively.

THE PARTIES'S SUBMISSIONS ON SANCTIONS AND COSTS

- 31. Both the Complainant and the Respondent have made their respective submissions on sanctions and costs.
- 32. In the Complainant's submissions dated 25 February 2022, the Complainant submitted that the totality of the two complaints is the top of "serious" to the lower end of "very serious".
- 33. The Complainant has referred to two cases, including Proceedings No. D-16-11550 and Proceedings No. D-16-11570. Both cases concerned the failure to render adequate professional competence and due care in the preparation of accountant's report to be submitted to the Council of The Law Society of Hong Kong.

- 34. In view of the severe nature of the case, the Complainant therefore suggested that the appropriate sanction should include a public reprimand, a financial penalty in the range of HK\$100,000 to HK\$150,000, and a cancellation of practising certificate for a period of not more than one year.
- 35. The Complainant has provided a Statement of Costs on 25 February 2022 in the amount of \$56,786.
- 36. The Respondent, on the other hand, invited this Committee to consider three relevant cases, namely Proceedings No. D-19-1529P, Proceedings No. D-20-1583P and Proceedings No. D-18-1420P.
- 37. The Respondent submitted that she had cancelled her practising certificate from 1 July 2021 and did not renew it.
- 38. The Respondent was remorseful and was willing to be reprimanded, pay a penalty of HK\$50,000 and bear the cost incurred by the investigation and proceedings.

CONSIDERATIONS:

- 39. The Committee noted that it had a wide discretion on the sanctions it might impose. Each case is fact sensitive and the Committee is not bound by the decision of a previous committee.
- 40. In considering the proper order, the Committee took into consideration of relevant facts of the Complaints, the submission of both parties, the Respondent's personal circumstances, and her conduct throughout the proceedings.
- 41. The Committee took note of the fact that the proceedings was concluded on the basis of the admission by the Respondent which resulted in saving time and costs; and the Respondent had a clear record prior to the Complaint.
- 42. However, the Committee agreed with the Complainant that the problems in the Complaints were serious and thus warranted a deterrent penalty.
- 43. It is considered that a reprimand, a financial penalty and non-issuing of practicing certificates for a duration will be a proper sanction to signify the Committee's disapproval of the conduct.
- 44. As for costs, the Committee took note that the Respondent was willing to pay the costs incurred by the investigation and the proceedings and considers that the sum of HK\$56,786 provided by the Complainant on a Statement of Costs dated 25 February 2022 to be reasonable.

SANCTIONS AND COSTS ORDER

- 45. The Committee orders that:
 - (a) The Respondent be reprimanded under section 35(1)(b) of the PAO;
 - (b) The Respondent do pay a penalty of HK\$100,000 pursuant to section 35(1)(c) of the PAO;
 - (c) A practicing certificate shall not be issued to the Respondent for 12 months with effect from 42 days from the date hereof under section 35(1)(db) of the PAO;
 - (d) The Respondent do pay the costs and expenses of and incidental to the proceedings of the Complainant (including the costs of this Committee) in total sum of HK\$56,786 under section 35(1)(iii) of the PAO.

Dated:	23rđ	day of	May	2022	
				Mr. Chan, Raymond	
				Chairman	
Mr. Siu Choi Fat				Mr. Ma Chung Fung, Horace	
Membe	r			Member	
Ms. Lo Fung Yce, Daphne				Mr. Miu Liong, Nelson	
Member				Member	